New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority
Emergency Transfer Plan
Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

Emergency Transfers

The New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority (NHHFA) is concerned about the safety of its tenants, and such concern extends to tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. In accordance with the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), NHHFA allows tenants who are victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to request an emergency transfer from the tenant’s current unit to another unit. The ability to request a transfer is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation. The ability of NHHFA to honor such request for tenants currently receiving assistance, however, may depend upon a preliminary determination that the tenant is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and on whether NHHFA has another dwelling unit that is available and is safe to offer the tenant for temporary or more permanent occupancy.

This plan identifies tenants who are eligible for an emergency transfer, the documentation needed to request an emergency transfer, confidentiality protections, how an emergency transfer may occur, and guidance to tenants on safety and security. This plan is based on a model emergency transfer plan published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the Federal agency that oversees that NHHFA is in compliance with VAWA.

Eligibility for Emergency Transfers

A tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, as provided in HUD’s regulations at 24 CFR part 5, subpart L is eligible for an emergency transfer if the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant remains within the same unit. If the tenant is a victim of sexual assault, the tenant may also be eligible to transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises within the 90-calendar-day period preceding a request for an emergency transfer. A tenant requesting an emergency transfer must expressly request the transfer in accordance with the procedures described in this plan. Tenants who are not in good standing may still request an emergency transfer if they meet the eligibility requirements in this section.

1 Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.
2 Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.
NHHFA’s policies on restricting timing and number of moves do not apply when the family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member.

NHHFA will not terminate assistance if the family, with or without prior notification to NHHFA, has already moved out of a unit in violation of a lease, if such a move occurred to protect the health or safety of a family member who is or has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking; and who reasonably believed they were imminently threatened by harm from further violence if they remained in the dwelling unit, or if any family member has been the victim of sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family’s request to move.

**Emergency Transfer Request Documentation**

To request an emergency transfer, the tenant shall notify NHHFA and submit a written request for a transfer to another unit by completing HUD Form 5383 – Emergency Transfer Request Certification Form. NHHFA will accept a verbal certification followed up with written documentation. NHHFA will provide reasonable accommodations to this policy for individuals with disabilities. The tenant’s written request for an emergency transfer should include either:

1. A statement expressing that the tenant reasonably believes that there is a threat of imminent harm from further violence if the tenant were to remain in the same dwelling unit assisted under NHHFA’s program; or
2. A statement that the tenant was a sexual assault victim and that the sexual assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the tenant’s request for an emergency transfer.

**Confidentiality**

NHHFA will keep confidential any information that the tenant submits in requesting an emergency transfer, and information about the emergency transfer, unless the tenant gives NHHFA written permission to release the information on a time-limited basis, or disclosure of the information is required by law or required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance from the covered program. This includes keeping confidential the new location of the dwelling unit of the tenant, if one is provided, from the person(s) that committed an act(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against the tenant. See the Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act for All Tenants for more information about NHHFA’s responsibility to maintain the confidentiality of information related to incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

**External Emergency Transfer for the Housing Choice Voucher Program**

An external emergency transfer refers to an emergency relocation of a tenant to another unit where the tenant would be considered a new applicant, which means the tenant must undergo an application process in order to reside in the unit. Requests for external emergency transfers will be processed in accordance with NHHFA’s Administrative Plan Family Break Up policy which states:

**Family Break Up:** Preference will be given to current program tenants who as a result of domestic violence or other family break up, need to leave the residence and would not be eligible for subsidy because the remaining family member retains the voucher. However, if the person leaving the household demonstrates that they qualify for protection under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) the voucher will be awarded to them. If both parties leave the residence, the party protected by VAWA would receive the original voucher and the other party would receive a preference for a voucher. The individual being placed on the waiting list must meet all
Housing Choice Voucher eligibility requirements. To award an additional voucher there must be subsidy available at the time and the other qualified household member must have met all lease and program requirements, including having lived in the unit for 12 months before requesting the preference.

NHHFA will expedite the administrative and unit inspection process, consistent with due process protections, for carrying out the family break-up policies, and for terminating the assistance of the perpetrator. NHHFA will provide housing search assistance, including a list of vacant units, to assist the tenant in their search. NHHFA may provide a voucher to facilitate the emergency transfer without having first terminated assistance to the perpetrator.

**Emergency Transfer Timing and Availability for the Project-Based and Moderate Rehabilitation Programs**

NHHFA cannot guarantee that an internal emergency transfer request will be approved or how long it will take to process a transfer request. NHHFA will, however, act as quickly as possible to allow a tenant who is a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to move to another unit within the property, subject to availability and safety of a unit. If a tenant reasonably believes a proposed transfer would not be safe, the tenant may request a transfer to a different unit. If a unit is available, the transferred tenant must agree to abide by the terms and conditions that govern occupancy in the unit to which the tenant has been transferred. NHHFA may be unable to transfer a tenant to a particular unit if the tenant has not or cannot establish eligibility for that unit.

NHHFA publishes a Directory of Assisted Housing that lists affordable units in assisted housing properties throughout the state. A list of vacant, subsidized units for families and individuals who need immediate rental assistance is available on NHHFA’s website. NHHFA will refer tenants to the local police and to 2-1-1 NH for referrals to local organizations offering assistance to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

In the Project-Based Voucher Program, if a victim makes an emergency transfer request and has been living in the PBV unit for one year or more, NHHFA will give the victim priority to receive the next available opportunity for continued tenant-based rental assistance in accordance with NHHFA’s Housing Choice Voucher Administrative Plan.

A family or member of the family is not required to give advanced written notice, with a copy to NHHFA, of intent to vacate the PBV unit if the family moved to protect the health or safety of the victim. If the victim seeks to move sooner than a tenant-based voucher will be available, NHHFA will give the family priority to receive the next available opportunity for tenant-based assistance, even if the family has left the unit to protect their safety.

If the Owner has no safe and available units for a tenant who needs an emergency transfer, or if the victim has been living in the unit for less than one year, NHHFA will offer to allow the tenant to move to another PBV unit at the same site if the individual deems the unit safe, or to a unit in another PBV project under NHHFA. NHHFA will assist the tenant in identifying other housing providers who may have safe and available units to which the tenant could move.

**Protections under the Homeownership Voucher Program**

When a family or a member of the family is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the move is needed to protect the health or safety of the family or family member (or any family member has been the victim of a sexual assault that occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period preceding the family’s request to move), such family or family member
may be assisted with continued tenant-based assistance even if such family or family member owns any title or other interest in the prior home.

NHHFA will not continue homeownership assistance to a participant after commencing tenant-based rental assistance. A family may not receive the benefit of tenant-based assistance while receiving the benefit of other Section 8 assistance (including other tenant-based assistance). Once NHHFA has commenced tenant-based rental assistance and the participant is no longer a participant in the homeownership program, the participant’s sale of the home or the participant’s potential loss of the home due to foreclosure must not affect the participant’s continued participation in the HCV program.

NHHFA’s obligation to terminate voucher homeownership assistance upon mortgage foreclosure only applies while the participant is still in the homeownership program, and does not apply to the termination of tenant-based rental assistance for a participant who is no longer in the homeownership program.

**Fair Housing and Nondiscrimination**

NHHFA will comply with all applicable fair housing and civil rights laws and requirements in the implementation of VAWA requirements. This includes, but is not limited to, the Fair Housing Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, and the Americans with Disabilities Act. (See 24 CFR 5.105(a).) NHHFA provides reasonable accommodations for individuals with disabilities, such as a reasonable accommodation to any requirement that the emergency transfer request be in writing, and must help certain individuals put their request in writing, if requested or where the need for such assistance is obvious. Individuals with disabilities may request a reasonable accommodation at any time to any program rules, policies, or practices that may be necessary.

NHHFA will also ensure that communications and materials are provided in a manner that is effective for persons with hearing, visual, and other communication-related disabilities consistent with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, and their implementing regulations. NHHFA will provide appropriate auxiliary aids and services necessary to ensure effective communication, which includes ensuring that information is provided in appropriate accessible formats as needed, e.g., Braille, audio, large type, assistive listening devices, and sign language interpreters. NHHFA will also take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to their programs and activities to individuals who are LEP individuals (Limited English Proficient Persons).

**Safety and Security of Tenants**

Pending processing of the transfer and the actual transfer, if it is approved and occurs, the tenant is urged to take all reasonable precautions to be safe. Tenants who are or have been victims of domestic violence are encouraged to contact the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233, or a local domestic violence shelter, for assistance in creating a safety plan. For persons with hearing impairments, that hotline can be accessed by calling 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).

Victims of sexual assault may call the Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network’s National Sexual Assault Hotline at 800-656-HOPE, or visit the online hotline at https://ohl.rainn.org/online/.

Victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime’s Stalking Resource Center at https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center.

Tenants may also contact the New Hampshire Coalition Against Domestic and Sexual Violence at 1-866-644-3574, or visit the online hotline at http://www.nhcadsv.org/

Attachment: Emergency Transfer Request form HUD 5383

8/2017
Purpose of Form: If you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and you are seeking an emergency transfer, you may use this form to request an emergency transfer and certify that you meet the requirements of eligibility for an emergency transfer under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA). Although the statutory name references women, VAWA rights and protections apply to all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking. Using this form does not necessarily mean that you will receive an emergency transfer. See your housing provider’s emergency transfer plan for more information about the availability of emergency transfers.

The requirements you must meet are:

1. **You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.** If your housing provider does not already have documentation that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, your housing provider may ask you for such documentation. In response, you may submit Form HUD-5382, or any one of the other types of documentation listed on that Form.

2. **You expressly request the emergency transfer.** Submission of this form confirms that you have expressly requested a transfer. Your housing provider may choose to require that you submit this form, or may accept another written or oral request. Please see your housing provider’s emergency transfer plan for more details.

3. **You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit.** This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

OR

You are a victim of sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you are a victim of sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you submit this form or otherwise expressly request the transfer.

Submission of Documentation: If you have third-party documentation that demonstrates why you are eligible for an emergency transfer, you should submit that documentation to your housing provider if it is safe for you to do so. Examples of third party documentation include, but are not limited to: a letter or other documentation from a victim service provider, social worker, legal assistance provider, pastoral counselor, mental health provider, or other professional from whom you have sought assistance; a current restraining order; a recent court order or other court records; a law enforcement report or records; communication records from the perpetrator of the violence or family members or friends of the perpetrator of the violence, including emails, voicemails, text messages, and social media posts.

Form HUD-5383
(12/2016)
Confidentiality: All information provided to your housing provider concerning the incident(s) of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and concerning your request for an emergency transfer shall be kept confidential. Such details shall not be entered into any shared database. Employees of your housing provider are not to have access to these details unless to grant or deny VAWA protections or an emergency transfer to you. Such employees may not disclose this information to any other entity or individual, except to the extent that disclosure is: (i) consented to by you in writing in a time-limited release; (ii) required for use in an eviction proceeding or hearing regarding termination of assistance; or (iii) otherwise required by applicable law.

TO BE COMPLETED BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON REQUESTING A TRANSFER

1. Name of victim requesting an emergency transfer: __________________________________________

2. Your name (if different from victim’s) ________________________________________________

3. Name(s) of other family member(s) listed on the lease: __________________________________

4. Name(s) of other family member(s) who would transfer with the victim: ________________

5. Address of location from which the victim seeks to transfer: ______________________________

6. Address or phone number for contacting the victim: ____________________________________

7. Name of the accused perpetrator (if known and can be safely disclosed): ________________

8. Relationship of the accused perpetrator to the victim: _________________________________

9. Date(s), Time(s) and location(s) of incident(s): _________________________________________

10. Is the person requesting the transfer a victim of a sexual assault that occurred in the past 90 days on the premises of the property from which the victim is seeking a transfer? If yes, skip question 11. If no, fill out question 11. __________

11. Describe why the victim believes they are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if they remain in their current unit.
__________________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________________

12. If voluntarily provided, list any third-party documentation you are providing along with this notice:
__________________________________________________________________________________

This is to certify that the information provided on this form is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, and that the individual named above in Item 1 meets the requirement laid out on this form for an emergency transfer. I acknowledge that submission of false information could jeopardize program eligibility and could be the basis for denial of admission, termination of assistance, or eviction.

Signature __________________________________Signed on (Date) ___________________________