

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

2022 ACTION PLAN



Contents

Executive Summary	2
AP-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b).....	2
PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies - 91.300(b)	5
AP-10 Consultation - 91.110, 91.300(b); 91.315(l)	5
AP-12 Participation - 91.115, 91.300(c).....	13
AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.320(c) (1,2)	17
AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives – 91.320(c)(3) &(e)	21
AP-25 Allocation Priorities – 91.320(d)	23
AP-30 Methods of Distribution – 91.320(d)&(k)	26
AP-45 Community Revitalization Strategies – 91.320(k)(1)(ii).....	39
AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.320(f)	39
AP-55 Affordable Housing – 24 CFR 91.320(g).....	40
AP-60 Public Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(j)	40
AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.320(h)	41
AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.320(i).....	44
AP-85 Other Actions – 91.320(j).....	46
AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.320(k) (1,2,3).....	48

Executive Summary

The contents of this document are presented in the exact format as required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS). This is a nationwide database and provides HUD with current information regarding the program activities underway across the Nation, including funding data. HUD uses this information to report to Congress and to monitor grantees. Each funding partner must enter their information directly into IDIS. Each section requires specific information from the various programs in New Hampshire. Grantees must submit this Annual Action Plan as their application to HUD. This content is downloaded directly from IDIS to allow for citizens participation and public comment. Funding amounts are approximate and will be updated when final allocations are awarded before submission to HUD.

AP-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

New Hampshire's Annual Action Plan is developed by the Housing and Community Development Council, which was established by New Hampshire Executive Order and is staffed by New Hampshire Community Development Finance Authority (CDFA), New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority (NHHFA), and the Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Housing Supports (DHHS-BHS). To receive allocations of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), National Housing Trust Fund (HTF) and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) funds from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the state is required to submit an Annual Action Plan. Among other things, the plan must assess the state's housing, homeless, and community development needs, establish priority needs, and explain how they will be addressed with HUD and other funding. This Action Plan describes how the above-mentioned resources, will be applied for, distributed and utilized to address New Hampshire's housing, homeless, and community development needs during the State's 2022 Program Year.

The CARES Act was signed into law on March 27, 2020, to help the Nation respond to the coronavirus outbreak. The funds may be used to cover or reimburse allowable costs incurred by a State or locality before the award of funding (including prior to the signing of the CARES Act) to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. This action plan describes how these remaining funds along with the 2022 annual allocations for CDBG, HOME, HTF and ESG funds will be applied for, distributed, and utilized to address New Hampshire's community and economic development, housing and homeless needs during this program year 2022.

2. Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

The CDBG program, funded at approximately \$9,219,385 this year, helps address multiple community development needs. Community Development priorities for 2022 include:

- High Priority: Housing, Economic Development, Public Facilities providing mental health or childcare services and broadband.
- Medium Priority: Water and wastewater infrastructure and public facilities project serving special populations.
- HOME Investment Partnerships Program funded at approximately \$3,741,930, will be used to contribute to the development of approximately 200 units of new affordable housing, with a portion to be used for the preservation of approximately 50 affordable housing units. This annual grant plus program income and uncommitted funds from previous years provide a total of approximately \$5,787,912 to invest in communities of NH.
- New Hampshire is receiving the small state allocation of approximately \$3,101,884 in national Housing Trust Funds. These funds will be used as gap financing in projects that receive Low Income Housing Tax Credits and as funding for supportive housing through a competitive Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) to serve the communities that benefit from supportive housing.
- ESG funding of approximately \$933,800 will be used for Street Outreach, Rapid Rehousing and Homelessness Prevention. Essential Services- such as identification, case management, transportation costs- will be provided for 500 individuals experiencing homelessness. 100 households experiencing homelessness will be served through Rapid Rehousing and 50 At Risk or imminently homeless households through Homelessness Prevention. Housing Relocation and Stabilization services, as well as financial assistance including rental assistance will be provided as needed to support overall housing stability for all 150 households.

3. Evaluation of past performance

This is an evaluation of past performance that helped lead the grantee to choose its goals or projects.

Although it is impossible to estimate exact numbers of homeless households to be served, housing units completed, and community development projects to be completed each year, production, and performance under all four of these programs has been steady and reliable over time.

ESG utilizes project monitoring via site visits, CAPER reporting, System Performance Measures and Contract compliance as methods to evaluate performance. DHHS-BHS also hosts quarterly ESG meetings to review best practices and offer training or support to all ESG sub-recipients.

Neither CDFA, NHHFA, nor DHHS-BHS have ever been required to return CDBG, HOME, HTF or ESG funds to HUD.

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and consultation process

Summary from citizen participation section of plan.

In addition to solicitation of public input from partners, grantees, and other interested parties, the development of the Annual Action Plan was discussed with the Housing and Community Development Planning Council.

A consultation meeting was held with stakeholders on January 10, 2022, and approximately 30 people attended. The housing and community development needs of the community were discussed and the activities to meet these needs that the agencies intend to fund. Three people attended the in-person public hearing held on March 2, 2022. Additionally, citizen participation was solicited through emails to grantees, constituents and interested parties of CDFA, NH Housing and DHHS-BHS through posting of the public hearing on each agency's website and in the only statewide newspaper. CDFA and NH HOUSING also seek approval from their respective Boards of Directors.

CDFA's public meetings of the Community Development Advisory Committee and other community development meetings are used to solicit feedback during the year regarding CDBG. NH HOUSING uses the yearly LIHTC process and Supportive Housing meetings to solicit feedback during the year regarding HOME and HTF.

The goals identified through the outreach efforts include increasing funds available to municipalities, building capacity and providing support for downtown revitalization and redevelopment.

CDFA has administered the annual allocation of federal CDBG funds on behalf of the State since 2003, coordinating the investment of more than \$140 million into New Hampshire communities. These critical resources have been deployed across the state and have made a significant impact on economic development, housing and community-based projects in dozens of municipalities. CDFA administers the CDBG program to provide benefits primarily for low-and-moderate-income individuals, create the greatest possible community-driven impacts and adapt to the needs of New Hampshire communities.

5. Summary of public comments

Public comment process is complete. There were no public comments regarding the uses of funds, only some general questions about the funding sources and how to apply for them by a small supportive housing developer.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

No comments or views were not accepted.

7. Summary

The HUD resources of CDBG, HOME, HTF and ESG make valuable contributions to New Hampshire's cities, towns, and citizens in many ways as will be seen in the remainder of this Plan. Programmatic changes in Emergency Solutions Grant have been helpful, and although ESG and CDBG funding have been increased slightly, housing affordability remains a growing concern that is clearly tied to homelessness. The HOME and HTF programs provide two

needed subsidies to affordable housing projects. Public and partner input have always been important in helping to shape how these resources are deployed.

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies - 91.300(b)

1. Agency/entity responsible for preparing/administering the Consolidated Plan

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

Agency Role	Name	Department/Agency
Lead Agency	NEW HAMPSHIRE	
CDBG Administrator		Community Development Finance Authority
HOPWA Administrator		DHHS-Bureau of Housing Supports
HOME Administrator		New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority
ESG Administrator		DHHS-Bureau of Housing Supports
HOPWA-C Administrator		DHHS-Bureau of Housing Supports
HTF Administrator		New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority

Table 1 – Responsible Agencies

Narrative

AP-10 Consultation - 91.110, 91.300(b); 91.315(I)

1. Introduction

This section describes the stakeholder consultation and citizen participation efforts to gather input into the 2022 Action Plan.

Provide a concise summary of the state's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies

The Housing and Community Development Planning Council (the HCDPC), which provides consultation to New Hampshire's Consolidated Planning process, includes public and private housing representatives as well as government and private nonprofit social service agencies. The HCDPC is chaired by New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority as the lead agency for the Consolidated Planning process for the state. Additionally, New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority is represented on the Governor's Council on Housing Stability, including this Council's Housing Instability & Homelessness System Workgroup, the Governor's Advisory Commission on Mental Health and the Corrections System, the Community Development Block Grant Program Advisory Council, New Hampshire's Mental Health Planning and Advisory Council, the State of NH Benefits Cliff Effect Working Group and the Council for Thriving Children.

Representatives of the Community Development Finance Authority (CDFA) and the Bureau of Housing Supports actively participate in New Hampshire's Workforce Housing Council. CDFA is represented on the Governor's Council on Housing Stability and the National Collaborative for Digital Equity's Council on Systemic Inclusion. And the Bureau Chief for the State's Bureau of Housing Supports leads the Housing Instability and Homelessness Systems Workgroup of the state's Council on Housing Stability, as well as participates in the Whole Family Approach to Jobs Cliff Effect Workgroup, Housing Action NH, and the NH HMIS Advisory Committee.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

NH has 3 Continuums of Care (CoC), The Greater Nashua (GNCoC), Manchester (MCoC) and Balance of State (BoSCoC). The Bureau of Housing Supports (BHS) is the NH State ESG Recipient, and the BHS Bureau Chief is the Co-Chair of the BoSCoC, which ensures a high degree of collaboration and coordination of services between the ESG program and BoSCoC programs. Central to this, the BoSCoC Coordinated Entry System (CES) coordinates access to housing for people who are homeless/at risk of homelessness in the entire BoSCoC area and in coordination with 2 other CoCs in NH. Each region has implemented a local process to meet people in person, conduct assessment & referral in collaboration with BoSCoC process. 211-NH is a single access point for people who are homeless/at risk and emergency shelters operate as regional CES walk-in centers. All outreach under ESG, PATH, SSVF, RHY, CoC or other funding sources are linked to CES where staff serve people who are literally homeless/at risk of homelessness through visits to emergency shelters, outreach to unsheltered, identifying people who are experiencing chronic homelessness (CH) to help quickly move into housing. Outreach staff are tasked with locating and engaging the hardest to reach homeless, including unsheltered, people with substance use disorder or mental illness, and those with criminal history. Limited English Proficiency plans on file at CES access points ensure the ability to serve people who speak English as a second language, are deaf/hard of hearing, have limited vision, or any other communication access challenge. All people who walk in/call CES complete a Prevention and Diversion tool. If not diverted from homelessness, a Housing Barriers Assessment is done to determine barriers to exiting homelessness, and then people are assessed for vulnerabilities and severity of needs using a common assessment tool. The CoC's adoption of HUD's Notice CPD 16-11, to prioritize people experiencing chronic homelessness (CH) and other vulnerable populations is applied to all project types to ensure those most in need get access to available resources. Through a By Name List, people are prioritized and referred based on vulnerability score which considers disability status, substance use, criminal records, income, and length of time homeless. All other households receive community referrals and basic housing search assistance to help them exit homelessness.

Additionally, the BoSCoC has subcommittees focused on Coordinated Entry, Ending Veteran Homelessness, Ending Youth Homelessness, Data and Homeless Outreach. The state also funds homeless services at a level of \$4.1 million annually and oversees the administration of the federal Health and Human Services (HHS) Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services

Administration (SAMHSA) funded Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH) outreach program, and the state (Housing Opportunities for Person's with Aids) HOPWA program grants. This allows BHHS to ensure coordination of services and communications among outreach, shelter and transitional and Permanent Supportive Housing Programs. The BHS mission, in addition to coordinating funding, is to ensure collaboration between all of NH's homeless assistance programs, ensuring alignment with common goals and efficient utilization of resources. BHS coordinates regular meetings for statewide outreach staff, Shelter Directors, and Permanent Supportive Housing case managers to share information on various initiatives, provide TA and foster communication and coordination of services. BHS staff co-chair participates in several community task forces and committees, each focused on addressing the needs among each of these groups.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

NH has 3 Continuums of Care (CoC), The Greater Nashua (GNCoC), Manchester (MCoC) and Balance of State (BoSCoC). The administrator of BHS conducted presentations and open discussion at each CoC which included: review of the current NH ESG program design; policies and procedures; expected available funds and examples of how to allocate funds; the process for evaluating outcomes; performance standards; HMIS policy and standards; as well as solicitation of feedback and discussion regarding information presented.

2. Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and consultations

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

1	Agency/Group/Organization	NEIGHBORWORKS SOUTHERN NH
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Children Services-Elderly Persons Services-Persons with Disabilities

	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership in Housing and Community Development Planning Council
2	Agency/Group/Organization	FAMILIES IN TRANSITION
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-homeless
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Member of the Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
3	Agency/Group/Organization	NEW HAMPSHIRE LEGAL ASSISTANCE
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing Services-Elderly Persons Services-Victims of Domestic Violence Services-homeless Services - Victims

	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy Housing Trust Fund
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council
4	Agency/Group/Organization	KEENE HOUSING AUTHORITY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	PHA
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.

5	Agency/Group/Organization	COOS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORP.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Regional organization Business Leaders Civic Leaders Community Development Financial Institution Private Sector Banking / Financing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
6	Agency/Group/Organization	EASTER SEALS NH, INC.
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing Services-Persons with Disabilities Services-Health Services-Employment
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Public Housing Needs Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Economic Development Anti-poverty Strategy Lead-based Paint Strategy

	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
7	Agency/Group/Organization	TOWN OF LITTLETOWN
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - Local Planning organization
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis Lead-based Paint Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
8	Agency/Group/Organization	NH COALITION AGAINST DOMESTIC AND SEXUAL VIOLENCE
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Victims of Domestic Violence
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Strategy Non-Homeless Special Needs
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
9	Agency/Group/Organization	STRAFFORD REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Regional organization Planning organization
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Regional Planning Services
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
10	Agency/Group/Organization	NH COMMUNITY LOAN FUND
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing Services - Housing Community Development Financial Institution
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Public Housing Needs
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.

11	Agency/Group/Organization	HANNAH GRIMES CENTER
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Regional organization Business Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Business Leaders - Regional Organization
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
12	Agency/Group/Organization	Housing Action NH
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.
13	Agency/Group/Organization	COMMUNITY BRIDGES
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless Homeless Needs - Families with children Homelessness Needs - Veterans Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied youth Homelessness Strategy
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Membership and participation in Housing and Community Development Planning Council.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Continuum of Care		

Table 3 - Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Narrative

CDFA also consulted with a variety of stakeholders regarding the needs and priorities outlined in the Consolidated Plan through their involvement in several initiatives and collaborative groups including: The National Collaborative for Digital Equity which facilitates the Council on Systemic Inclusion, of which CDFA is a member. This council advises the Bank of New Hampshire initiative on strategic planning and advises on efforts to build a statewide network of sustained local systemic inclusion partnerships in NH’s low and moderate communities. Additionally, the Director of Broadband

Technology at the NH Department of Business and Economic Affairs has coordinated meetings with CDFA and broadband internet service providers, including Comcast, to discuss challenges and solutions.

The New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services also facilitates a twice annual meeting for funders of infrastructure projects, in which CDFA participates. These meetings provide an important opportunity to share information about needs and projects addressing these through the state. CDFA also directly consulted with ROC-NH an organization that assists residents of manufactured home communities regarding water and sewer needs. Lastly, CDFA partners with the Regional Planning Commissions who provide significant consultation for all facets of the Consolidated Planning Process. They are involved at the local level in emergency management services and helped inform this area. CDFA and DHHS are a part of the State Emergency Operations Center and the state's overall Emergency Management Program.

AP-12 Participation - 91.115, 91.300(c)

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

Citizen participation and consultation began with a consultation meeting on January 10, 2022, with community partners and stakeholders in the housing, homeless and community development areas to discuss intended uses of the 2022 funding. It was further discussed at a Housing and Community Development Planning Council meeting on January 11, 2022. Council members were informed that work was beginning on NH's 2022 Annual Action Plan and were asked for their input on the general areas in which agencies should spend their limited federal funding. Additionally, a public meeting was held about the 2022 Annual Action Plan on March 2, 2022, which was attended by some members of the public to discuss the activities and uses of the funding contemplated by this Plan.

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
1	HCDPC meeting	Non-targeted/broad community	Housing and Community Development Council meeting on January 11, 2022, attended by Rob Dapice, Katy Easterly Martey, Jennifer Czysz, Josh Meehan, Jennifer Vadney, Lauren Greenwald for Kirsten Cornell, Tom Bunnell, Tara Reardon, Chris Miller, Jake Berry, Nik Coates, Ignatius MacLellan, Jack Ruderman, Gloria Paradise, Christine Lavalley, Mollie Kaylor, Melissa Hatfield, Mandy Reagan, Cheryl Swotzer	No comments were received.	No comments were not accepted.	

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
2	Public Meeting	Minorities Persons with disabilities Residents of Public and Assisted Housing	Stakeholders were invited to a Consultation meeting on January 10, 2022, and approximately 30 people attended. Those invited represented organizations that assist low- and moderate-income people with housing needs, represent broadband, water management and land management services, serve the homeless and at risk of homelessness populations, local governments, organizations that assist persons with disabilities, community development organizations, regional planning councils and organizations that assist with utility needs of low/moderate income persons.	No comments were received.	No comments were not accepted.	

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
3	Public Hearing	Non-Targeted/ Broad Community	A public meeting was held about the 2022 annual Action Plan on March 2, 2022, which was attended by some members of the public to discuss the activities and uses of the funding contemplated by this Plan	No comments were received.	No comments were not accepted.	

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.320(c) (1,2)

Introduction

Anticipated Resources

Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
			Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$		
CDBG	public - federal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Economic Development Housing Public Improvements Public Services	9,470,915	16,467	0	9,487,382	373,883,660	CDBG funds will be used for activities as outlined in the Consolidated Plan. Program income is from NSP project payback, and prior year resources are not yet known.

Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
			Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$		
HOME	public - federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership TBRA	3,741,930	1,650,000	5,787,912	11,179,842	15,000,000	HOME funds, including Program Income and Prior Year Resources, will be utilized for Multifamily Rental Production in the form of both new construction and rehab of existing affordable housing stock in order to preserve and extend affordability.
ESG	public - federal	Conversion and rehab for transitional housing Financial Assistance Overnight shelter Rapid re-housing (rental assistance) Rental Assistance Services Transitional housing	933,800	0	0	933,800	933,800	ESG funds will be used to fund Rapid Rehousing and Homeless Prevention Rental Assistance, Housing Stability Case Management, HMIS, and admin to prevent, prepare for and respond to coronavirus.

Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
			Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$		
HTF	public - federal	Acquisition Admin and Planning Homebuyer assistance Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership	3,101,884	10,000	5,167,158	8,279,042	12,000,000	HTF funds, including Program Income and Prior Year Resources, will be utilized for Multifamily Rental Production in the form of both new construction and rehabilitation, as well as a competitive NOFO for supportive housing.
HUD-VASH	public - federal	Rental Assistance	1,137,000	0	0	1,137,000	4,200,000	NH HOUSING administers 185 HUD-VASH vouchers including 25 projects based and 160 tenant based.
LIHTC	public - federal	Acquisition Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab	3,482,390	0	0	3,482,390	17,411,950	NH HOUSING administers the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, IRS program and funds are used for both development and preservation of affordable rental housing inventory
Section 811	public - federal	Rental Assistance	500,000	0	0	500,000	2,500,000	Section 811 PRA integrates person with severe mental illness into new or existing affordable housing and provides project based rental assistance.
Other	public - federal	Admin and Planning	693,775	0	0	693,775	1,387,551	HUD authorized 5% Admin prior to submission of a substantial amendment for the HOME-ARP Allocation Plan.

Table 5 - Expected Resources – Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

HOME funds will be invested in new projects as development subsidy to "buy" deeper income targeting, leveraging private equity raised with Low Income Housing Tax Credits along with additional subsidy raised through a variety of sources including the Federal Home Loan Bank of Boston, private donations, and including, on some projects, State or local CDBG. Preservation activities accomplished with HOME will be limited to rehab activities to upgrade and replace building components and systems in existing affordable housing that will be required during the next contracted affordability period and will leverage 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits and Tax-Exempt Bond financing. Housing Trust Fund resources will be used as development subsidy to create long term affordability of rental units for extremely low-income households. Because of the 30-year minimum affordability restriction, commitment of project based rental assistance will also be necessary in order to make the projects financially feasible. Equity raised via sale of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits will contribute to the development of some units, and other private dollars may be raised to help fill financing gaps. The Housing Trust Fund program has no formal match requirements.

CDBG funds will leverage numerous resources depending on the type of project being funded. Water/Wastewater infrastructure will be leveraged with State Revolving Loan funds from the Department of Environmental Services, USDA, and municipalities themselves. Housing rehab and related activities can include LIHTC, HOME, the New Hampshire Community Loan Fund, private equity, weatherization, FHLB and other funders. Economic development could leverage private equity, banks, regional development corporation revolving loan funds, SBA, and others.

The match requirement for ESG will be met with State Grant in Aid funds.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives – 91.320(c)(3) &(e)

Goals Summary Information

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator

Table 6 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Multifamily Affordable Rental Production
	Goal Description	HOME and HTF formula grants will be used along with Low Income Housing Tax Credits and other financing resources such as CDBG to produce affordable rental units. There is no set amount of CDBG funds allocated to Multifamily Affordable Housing Production although about 45% of the total CDBG allocation is set aside in the general category of housing and public facility annually. CDFA will not know what the allocation will be until the application process is completed.
2	Goal Name	Preservation of Affordable Rental Properties
	Goal Description	HOME will be used for necessary rehabilitation work at properties that are being refinanced with other resources including 4% Low Income Housing Tax Credits (not included in the budget projections because allocated non-competitively on a rolling application basis) in order to preserve affordability restrictions. Approximately \$1M of HOME resource is known to be available for this purpose in 2022. There is no set amount of CDBG funds allocated to Preservation of Affordable Rental Housing although about 45% of the total annual CDBG allocation is set aside in the general category of housing and public facilities. CDFA will not know what the allocation will be until the application process is completed.
3	Goal Name	TBRA/VASH for Homeless Veterans
	Goal Description	Homeless veterans are housed via a HUD-VA partnership in which the Veterans Association (VA) provides the services and HUD provides tenant based rental assistance.
4	Goal Name	811 Project Rental Assistance for persons with Severe Mental Illness
	Goal Description	Project based rental assistance for persons with Severe Mental Illness (SMI) through the HUD 811 PRA grant. Households with a person with Severe Mental Illness will be housed in existing or new affordable rental housing projects to ensure very low concentrations of persons needing services from the Community Mental Health Centers in affordable housing projects throughout the state.

5	Goal Name	Expand and Improve Housing Opportunities
	Goal Description	Improved housing opportunities can occur through new construction, preservation, rehabilitation of owner-occupied and rental units
6	Goal Name	Catalyze Economic Development
	Goal Description	Catalyze economic investment, stabilize employment, facilitate job growth and support transformational change in New Hampshire's cities and towns, with a particular focus on downtowns, main street areas and village centers.
7	Goal Name	Strengthen Small Businesses
	Goal Description	Build economic resiliency of small business owners and start-up businesses through business technical assistance and microenterprise business support.
8	Goal Name	Improve and Create Public Facilities
	Goal Description	Address gaps in public infrastructure and community facilities.
9	Goal Name	Emphasize Building Capacity
	Goal Description	Build capacity of New Hampshire's cities and towns to adapt and respond to changing community development and housing needs by funding single purpose and transformational planning grants.
10	Goal Name	Respond to Unforeseen Challenges
	Goal Description	Respond to emerging and unforeseen economic and community development challenges.
11	Goal Name	Promote Housing Stability
	Goal Description	To assist individuals and families experiencing homelessness, or who are at risk of homelessness, to regain housing stability and provide comprehensive wraparound services to maintain housing stability. Strategies are intended to be used as part of a community response system using a low barrier, housing focused approach to ensure that homelessness is rare, brief, and non-recurring. The Emergency Solutions Grant supports a "Housing First" approach in addressing and ending homelessness. Housing First establishes assistance to exit homelessness directly into permanent housing and promoting housing stability as the primary intervention in working with people experiencing homelessness. Homeless Prevention: Targeted to those at highest risk of entering into the homelessness experience- to resolve housing instability quickly. Housing relocation and Stabilization Services and rental assistance provided for up to 24 months. Rapid Rehousing: Targeted at households experiencing homelessness to obtain permanent housing quickly. Housing relocation and Stabilization Services and rental assistance provided for up to 24 months. ESG and ESG-CV funds will be used specifically to prevent, prepare for, or respond to coronavirus.

12	Goal Name	Emergency Shelter Response
	Goal Description	ESG-CV funds may be used for costs of providing essential services to families and individuals experiencing homelessness in emergency shelters with consistent standards for assessing, prioritizing, and reassessing individuals and families' needs for these essential services related to emergency shelter. Emergency shelter means any appropriate facility that has the primary use of providing temporary shelter for persons experiencing homelessness in general, or for specific populations of persons experiencing homelessness, and the use of which does not require occupants to sign leases or occupancy agreements. These may include temporary emergency shelters, renovating buildings to be used as emergency shelter for families and individuals experiencing homelessness, hotel/motel vouchers and operating emergency shelters.
13	Goal Name	Unsheltered Increased identification/engagement
	Goal Description	People experiencing homelessness are at risk for infection during community spread of coronavirus and lack of housing contributes to poor physical and mental health outcomes. Increasing identification and engagement will promote more comprehensive housing connections, decrease the number of persons unsheltered and aid in NH's efforts to prevent, prepare for, or respond to coronavirus, Housing focused street outreach services- for equitable identification and engagement with households experiencing homelessness, aimed at putting them on a pathway to permanent housing while providing crisis assessments and referrals to address immediate needs/ safety planning.

AP-25 Allocation Priorities – 91.320(d)

1. Introduction:

The planned utilization of the 2022 ESG funds will allow NH to build on and expand initiatives to prevent homelessness and rapidly re-house homeless persons. ESG-CV funds will expand eligible activities to include Emergency Shelter and Street Outreach activities in addition to Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Rehousing households.

The planned utilization of HOME funds will provide both the production of new affordable rental units and the preservation of existing units at risk of loss from the affordable housing inventory due to expiring affordability restrictions. The resources from the Housing Trust Fund will contribute to production of rental units affordable to extremely low-income households.

The planned utilization of CDBG funds will provide direct benefits in the form of improved housing, public facilities, and employment opportunities to low-and moderate-income individuals and households.

Funding Allocation Priorities

	Multifamily Affordable Rental Production (%)	Preservation of Affordable Rental Properties (%)	TBRA/VASH for Homeless Veterans (%)	811 Project Rental Assistance for SMI (%)	Expand and Improve Housing Opportunities (%)	Catalyze Economic Development (%)	Strengthen Small Businesses (%)	Improve and Create Public Facilities (%)	Emphasize Building Capacity (%)	Respond to Unforeseen Challenges (%)	Promote Housing Stability (%)	Emergency Shelter Response (%)	Unsheltered Increased Identification/engagement (%)	Total (%)
CDBG	0	0	0	0	30	10	20	30	6	4	0	0	0	100
HOME	75	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
ESG	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75	0	25	100
HTF	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
HUD-VASH	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
LIHTC	90	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Section 811	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other HOME-ARP ADMIN	90	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100

Table 7 – Funding Allocation Priorities

1. Reason for Allocation Priorities

People experiencing homelessness are at high risk for infection during community spread of coronavirus and lack of housing contributes to poor physical and mental health outcomes. These services will allow ESG subrecipients to prioritize and serve households that are most in need of this assistance. They also allow for the development of strategies within NH's public health response to the immediate crisis needs of individuals and families experiencing homelessness, or at risk of homelessness as well as to develop plans of response to the economic effects of coronavirus for individuals and families experiencing homelessness and at risk of homelessness. The planned utilization of the 2022 ESG funds will allow NH to build on and expand initiatives to prevent homelessness and rapidly re-house persons experiencing homelessness. These objectives and priorities are in alignment with the Opening Doors: Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness; in particular, objectives 3.a., 3.c., and 6.a.

The need for housing affordable to low, very low, and extremely low-income households continue to exceed demand by two thirds, so development of new inventory is critical as is the avoidance of losing existing inventory through expiring use. National Housing

Trust Fund resources are targeted solely to assist extremely low-income households. Homeless veterans served by HUD-VASH tenant based rental assistance; and extremely low-income households with severe mental illness (SMI) served by 811 project based rental assistance are both high priority groups.

Approximately 30% of the CDBG allocation will expand and improve housing, 30% will support community facilities, and 30% will support Economic Development activities emphasizing microenterprise support and transformational investments in downtowns, village centers, and main streets. The remainder of the allocation will support both single purpose planning and transformational grants (6%) and support response to challenges (4%).

2. How will the proposed distribution of funds address the priority needs and specific objectives described in the Consolidated Plan?

ESG Grant funds will be allocated to each category as follows: 8% HMIS; 7.5% Administrative Activities; 25% Prevention; 35% Rapid Re-Housing and 25% Street Outreach. The distribution of ESG funds follows the priority of need described in both the Consolidated Plan and the COCs Coordinated Entry prioritization preferences. ESG funds will be leveraged with other resources to reduce the number of individuals and households experiencing homelessness and housing instability. These funds will also focus on shortening the length of time people experience homelessness and reduce the number of individuals returning to homelessness.

Priority needs and specific objectives for CDBG funds will be used to benefit low to moderate income individuals by upgrading public facilities, improving housing stock, providing jobs, and providing micro enterprise skills training.

HOME funds will be awarded to projects that will address the needs of low-income households, comprised of families, elderly, and those with special needs.

HTF funds are prioritized for housing affordable to extremely low-income households with preferences for those who are chronically homeless or homeless.

AP-30 Methods of Distribution – 91.320(d)&(k)

1. Introduction:

BHS conducts a competitive procurement process for the ESG Rapid Re-Housing, Homeless Prevention and Street Outreach Programs. The objectives and priorities outlined in the procurement process are in alignment with the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness (USICH) Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness.

New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority distributes HOME Investment Partnerships funds in accordance with 24 CFR Part 92 and NHHFA's Qualified Allocation Plan. HTF funds are allocated in accordance with 24 CFR Part 93, NHHFA's Qualified Allocation Plan and through competitive NOFOs seeking applicants who are building supportive housing.

State CDBG investments are not allocated on a geographic basis. Investments are awarded on a competitive basis based on long established criteria outlined in the CDFA CDBG Application and Program Guide. The guide is available online at: www.resources.nhcdfa.org/programs/community-development-block-grant/application/

2. Distribution Methods

Table 8 - Distribution Methods by State Program

1	State Program Name:	Community Development Block Grant Program
	Funding Sources:	CDBG

<p>Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.</p>	<p>CDFA distributes CDBG based on its 2022 Program and Application Guide. The primary purpose of the CDBG program is the development of viable communities by providing decent housing, suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for low-and-moderate-income people. The program is sponsored by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).</p> <p>CDFA distributes CDBG grants to New Hampshire's cities, towns, and counties. A nonprofit agency may also apply through its municipality or county as a sub-recipient of CDBG money. All eligible municipalities and counties can apply for up to \$500,000 (except \$750,000/year for ED Microenterprise program) in CDBG funds per year. Grants may be applied for under the following categories.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Economic Development • Housing, Permanent Supportive Housing • Public Facilities • Emergencies and Unanticipated Events • Planning Grants
<p>Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.</p>	<p>CDFA selects projects for funding based on the priorities noted above and through its CDBG Application and Program Guide which includes detailed selection criteria. This Application and Program Guide can be found on the CDFA website at nhcdfa.org. Most of New Hampshire's 229 incorporated municipalities and all ten county governments are eligible for the State CDBG Program. Entitlement communities Manchester, Nashua, Portsmouth, Rochester, and Dover are not eligible. CDFA requires that at least 51% of the funds requested for either Housing or Public Facilities and 60% for Economic Development shall be used for direct benefit to low- and moderate-income persons.</p>
<p>If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria. (CDBG only)</p>	<p>All applications are submitted online through the CDFA Grants Management System (GMS). After registration, municipalities and their representatives can access application materials and complete their applications online. CDFA also runs application workshops annually throughout the State. CDFA has an online CDBG Application and Program Guide and a CDBG Implementation guide that is available to all applicants. The implementation guide includes online webinars for each section. Staff also provides one-on-one pre-application meetings with any potential applicants, post-application meetings with awardees and technical assistance to grantees and subrecipients.</p>

<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>A total of \$9,333,410 was allocated to New Hampshire for the State CDBG Program for 2022. These funds will be allocated as follows: Housing: \$2,744,470 Public Facilities: \$2,744,470 Economic Development: \$ 2,744,470 (Includes \$1,800,000 for Microenterprise) Planning Grants: \$600,000 Emergency Grants: \$500,000 Program Income shall be distributed in the Community Development Grants round immediately following its receipt. Other funds carried forward from previous federal fiscal years (including unused Emergency Grant and Economic Development Grant funds, Housing and Public Facility Grant funds, and recaptured funds returned to the state) shall be distributed in the Community Development grants round immediately following its receipt, but a portion may be held and distributed in the second application round following its receipt for the purpose of balancing the amounts available in each application round. In addition, uncommitted Economic Development funds may also be held for other CDBG projects under consideration at the end of the year or carried forward to be distributed in the next program year at the discretion of the Executive Director of CDFA. Administrative or Technical Assistance funds carried forward from previous federal fiscal years shall remain in their respective categories.</p>
<p>Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.</p>	<p>Grant size limits are as follows unless additional funds are necessary due to unforeseen conditions: Planning Grants: up to \$25,000 for single purpose planning grants and up to \$100,000 for transformational planning grants; Emergency Grants: up to \$350,000 (under 10,000 population) or \$500,000 (over 10,000 population); Housing Grants - up to \$500,000 per eligible community annually; Public Facility Grants - up to \$500,000 per eligible community annually; Economic Development Grants - up to \$500,000 per eligible community annually; Microenterprise Grants - up to \$750,000 per eligible county annually. Who is eligible to apply: All non-entitlement communities (200 +) in New Hampshire plus all 10 New Hampshire counties. Entitlement communities Manchester, Nashua, Portsmouth, Rochester, and Dover may not apply. Threshold application requirements are outlined in the CDFA CDBG Application and Program Guide located on nhcdfa.org.</p>
<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>Grants are issued on a competitive basis and the estimated number and type of beneficiaries is not known until applications are approved. Generally, CDBG funds will create or retain jobs with additional incentives offered for jobs created in Opportunity Zones and New Market Tax Credit eligible areas, provide training and technical assistance to micro businesses, rehabilitate housing units and support the creation of additional units in community designated downtowns, support rehabilitation of public facilities and support planning for potential implementation projects and provide funds to address emergencies within the last 18 months. Outcome measures will be reported in the CAPER.</p>

2	State Program Name:	Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)
	Funding Sources:	ESG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The ESG program objective is to assist individuals and families experiencing homelessness, or who are at risk of homelessness, to regain stability through services provided under the eligible activities described in 24 CFR Part 576. ESG funds are intended to be used as part of a community response system to promote equity in using a low barrier, housing focused approach to ensure that homelessness is rare, brief, and non-recurring.
	Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	ESG Proposals will be evaluated and ranked by a review committee comprised of New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services staff from multiple divisions and non-applicant stakeholders. Proposals will be reviewed and ranked based on: consistency with the RFP requirements and review criteria, including how effective the proposed activity will be in providing homeless prevention and/or Rapid Re- Housing services; alignment with goals in the NH Strategic 5-Year Plan and the 2022 Action Plan; Continuum of Care strategic goals; and the national goals and objectives outlined in the USICH Federal Strategic Plan to End Homelessness; agency capacity; cost effectiveness; and coordination with local CoC. The specific scoring criteria to be used are outlined below: Experience & Capacity (Q1) 20 Points Extent/Need/Region/Number Served (Q2) 30 Points Start Up (Q3) 45 Points Collaboration (Q4) 20 Points Staffing (Q5) 20 Points Compliance (Q6) 10 Points Budgets (Q7) 20 Points

<p>Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)</p>	<p>Eligible applicants include units of local government and nonprofit organizations including community and faith-based organizations. The Request for Applications (RFA) will be released for ESG Rapid Re-Housing and Prevention. Proposals were evaluated and ranked by a review committee comprised of New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services staff from multiple divisions and non-applicant stakeholders. Proposals will be reviewed and ranked based on: consistency with the RFA requirements and review criteria, including how effective the proposed activity will be in providing homeless prevention and/or Rapid Re- Housing services; alignment with goals in the NH Consolidated 5-Year Plan and the 2021 Action Plan; and Continuum of Care strategic goals.</p> <p>Applications for funding include a summary of the activities proposed, including the dollar amount requested for each, whether the initiative is new or a continuation, the projected number of persons served, and the types of populations served. Applications also include: a narrative describing the activities and use of funds; identification of the Continuum of Care existing in the community and the relationship of proposed activities to the Continuum of Care; and a budget which outlines ESG funds, State and local funding, full operating budget, and matching resources.</p>
<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>ESG Grant funds will be allocated to each category as follows: 3% HMIS; 7% Administrative Activities; 22% Prevention; 36% Street Outreach; 32% Rapid Re-Housing.</p>
<p>Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.</p>	<p>BHS intends to ensure statewide availability of ESG funds for Homeless Prevention, Street Outreach and Rapid Re-Housing Activities. BHS anticipates funding for up to 10 regional projects across the state with grants ranging from \$65,000 - \$100,000, based on demonstrated need.</p>

	<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>Housing Stability Goal: 70% of program participant households will achieve housing stability for six months following the end of rental assistance. Measurement: Housing Stability will be measured by the percentage of program households who maintain their tenancy for six months following the end of rental assistance.</p> <p>Increased Permanent Housing Connections Goal: At least 70% of households that exit a Rapid Re-housing program or Homeless Prevention program exit to permanent housing. Measurement: This requires a calculation of the percentage of households who exit the rapid re-housing program or Homeless Prevention program to permanent housing</p> <p>Recidivism Goal: 70% of program participant households will experience housing stability as evidenced by no subsequent episode of homelessness. Measurement: Recidivism will be measured by the total number of adult program participants with successful exits from the program (with a successful housing outcome), that did not have an emergency shelter stay of at least one night within six months of exiting the program.</p>
3	<p>State Program Name:</p>	<p>HOME Affordable Rental Production and Preservation</p>
	<p>Funding Sources:</p>	<p>HOME Investment Partnerships Program</p>
	<p>Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.</p>	<p>HOME funds are utilized as development subsidy in Low Income Housing Tax Credit projects. To qualify as a HOME project, a project must maintain a minimum set-aside of rent-restricted units for tenants in a targeted income group. HOME funds are also utilized to pay for a portion of necessary rehabilitation of projects being refinanced in order to preserve affordability. The need for such rehab will be determined by property evaluation but will also factor in life expectancy of building systems and components against the term of the refinancing agreement.</p>

<p>Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.</p>	<p>Criteria used for scoring projects for awards of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits are found in the Qualified Allocation Plan which is developed every two years and approved by the Governor. Applications are due in August so that formal scoring can be completed before winter so that projects can close on financing and be ready to proceed early in spring. A full copy of the 2023-2024 QAP can be found here: www.nhhfa.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/2023-2024-Qualified-Allocation-Plan_Final.pdf</p> <p>In addition to publishing the QAP, rental production program rules, construction standards, and underwriting standards on NHHFA's website, staff also requires early conceptual review of all projects and works with developers to help them put together the best project applications they can. NHHFA's Underwriting and Development Policies for Multi-Family Finance can be found here: www.nhhfa.org/developer-financing/underwriting-and-development-policies/</p> <p>HOME funding for preservation projects is also available through the QAP.</p>
<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>HOME funds are anticipated to be split as \$5,181,000 for rental production and \$1m for preservation rehab.</p> <p>HOME program rules require a set-aside of at least 15% of the annual allocation for projects owned, developed, or sponsored by Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs), non-profit housing organizations meeting very stringent criteria defined by HUD in their HOME Investment Partnerships Rule. However, this requirement has been waived in FFY2022 through HUD's COVID-19 waivers. NH HOUSING has taken advantage of this waiver but has such strong CHDO partners that it may not be necessary to use this waiver.</p> <p>For-profit developers also have a significant role in the development of affordable housing projects, and they are able to obtain project financing on an even playing field through the QAP and allocation of tax credits.</p>

<p>Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.</p>	<p>The following are eligible to apply for project specific assistance under the HOME program:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Non-profit corporation with an approved 501(c)3 tax-exempt status. 2. Local housing authorities. 3. Limited partnerships, general partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, proprietorships, and other business organizations. <p>The following are not eligible to receive HOME funds:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Primarily religious organizations, where residency would be limited to an exclusive denomination. 2. Any person who is an employee, agent, consultant, officer, elected official, or appointed official of the State of New Hampshire, New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority, or state recipient or sub-recipient receiving HOME funds (collectively Non-eligible Persons). This includes partnerships and corporations where the controlling partner, controlling member, or person(s) in control of such entity is a Non-eligible Person or Persons. 3. Projects financed by HUD 202/811 programs. <p>Assistance will be limited as follows: The investment limit for all projects of combined Authority capital subsidy funds and LIHTC equity is \$200,000 per unit with the exception of projects targeting households earning at or below 30% of Area Median Income, which will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. NH HOUSING will adhere to the HUD published per unit HOME subsidy limits that came into effect as of March 31, 2022.</p>
<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>We anticipate 150 units of new rental production and 50 units preserved through rehab in conjunction with refinancing.</p> <p>xx</p>

4	State Program Name:	Housing Trust Fund
	Funding Sources:	HTF
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	<p>National Housing Trust Fund (HTF) resources are to be utilized to create affordable housing to extremely low-income households for no less than 30 years.</p> <p>New Hampshire will limit the use of these funds to affordable rental housing due to very high demand for rental housing affordable to extremely low-income households and the challenge associated with creating viable and sustainable homeownership opportunities for extremely low-income households. A portion of the HTF resources will be distributed through a specific Notice of Funding Opportunity process that will finance projects to benefit extremely low-income households who need housing combined with services, including but not limited to homeless, households with a member with a disability, veterans, and housing for persons with substance use disorder. Applicants responding to the Supportive Housing NOFO will be requesting financing for development subsidy and potentially project-based rental assistance which greatly increases affordability for extremely low-income households for a minimum of 30 years. A portion of HTF funding will also be available for use in Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects through NHHFA's traditional Multifamily Rental Housing Financing Application process. The 2023-2024 Qualified Allocation Plan for LIHTC, which was written to be compatible with the national Housing Trust Fund, awards points for projects that reserve at least 10% of the units for Extremely Low Income Households, as well as points for projects reserving between 10%-25% of their units for housing that includes a household member who is intellectually disabled, physically disabled, people suffering from severe mental illness (must also participate in the 811 PRA program) a veteran or is homeless or at imminent risk of homelessness immediately prior to tenancy and can be identified as needing services to maintain housing.</p>
	Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	<p>The criteria used to select applications as well as their relative importance are found in New Hampshire's 2023-2024 Qualified Allocation Plan http://www.nhhfa.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/2023-2024-Qualified-Allocation-Plan_Final.pdf</p> <p>The criteria used for the competitive supportive housing NOFO can be found here www.nhhfa.org/developer-financing/multi-family-supportive-housing-financing-program/</p>
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	100% of resources will be utilized as development subsidy to support production of rental housing affordable to extremely low-income households. Competitive scoring of Housing Trust Fund Projects applied for through both the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit and NOFO processes will prioritize resources to those considered most in need.	

<p>Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.</p>	<p>HTF is used primarily in supportive housing. It is not uncommon for the per unit total development cost to exceed the HOME Maximum Per Unit Subsidy Limit because not all supportive housing projects are able to leverage the required additional resources necessary to meet their development costs. NH HOUSING did an analysis of projects from 2014-2020 of actual costs and determined that actual costs of square footage have been increasing annually 2% per year. Additionally, increasing the HTF Maximum Per Unit Subsidy Limit will allow the Authority to provide additional capital financing to expedite the successful completion of supportive housing projects that serve some of our most vulnerable populations and are not able to leverage such funding. As a result of the pandemic's economic effects, NH HOUSING continues to see an exponential increase in construction costs, threatening the financial viability of these projects. The need for these limited resources is often very critical in smaller projects therefore we are adjusting the zero-bedroom limits to match the 1-bedroom limits. Overall construction costs are very close to the same in these size units. Therefore, per unit subsidy limits are being kept at:</p> <p>Per unit subsidy limits are:</p> <table data-bbox="695 651 1073 818"> <tr> <td>0 Bedroom</td> <td>212,220</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 Bedroom</td> <td>212,220</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 Bedroom</td> <td>258,064</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 Bedroom</td> <td>333,786</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 Bedroom</td> <td>366,464</td> </tr> </table> <p>These limits will be reassessed annually.</p>	0 Bedroom	212,220	1 Bedroom	212,220	2 Bedroom	258,064	3 Bedroom	333,786	4 Bedroom	366,464
0 Bedroom	212,220										
1 Bedroom	212,220										
2 Bedroom	258,064										
3 Bedroom	333,786										
4 Bedroom	366,464										
<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>Outcomes will be quantified as 25 new units of rental housing affordable to extremely low-income households to be generated with this year's allocation.</p>										
<p>5 State Program Name:</p>	<p>NH Homeless Services State Grant in Aid</p>										
<p>Funding Sources:</p>	<p>ESG</p>										
<p>Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.</p>	<p>The NH Homeless service system which consists of the CoC program, ESG and NH's Emergency Shelter and Homeless Intervention Services.</p>										
<p>Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.</p>	<p>The following criteria were used to score applications for funding: Services (15pts); Need for Services (20 pts); Emergency Shelter Plan (35 pts); Policies/procedures (25 pts); Experience (15 pts); Staffing Plan (10 pts); Goals (15 pts); Collaboration (20 pts); HMIS (10 pts); Budget (25 pts); and Budget Narrative (15 pts).</p>										

<p>Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)</p>	<p>The RFP for State funding is released biennially and is for a 2-year funding cycle.</p>
<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>State Grant in Aid (SGIA) funds emergency and specialty shelter operations and Homeless intervention services. Examples of homeless intervention activities could include assessing a client's eligibility for shelter/housing placement, legal services, and drop-in centers or other facilities where clients have access to case managers as well as telephone/internet access for education, housing, employment purposes.</p>
<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>Funded projects must establish goals related to increasing exits to permanent housing and reducing the average length of stay or program participation.</p>
<p>6 State Program Name:</p>	<p>Project Based Rental Assistance for Disabled</p>
<p>Funding Sources:</p>	<p>Section 811</p>
<p>Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.</p>	<p>Section 811 provides project based rental assistance to severely mentally ill extremely low-income individuals utilizing units in either new or existing affordable housing stock that does not otherwise provide project based rental assistance. Tenants are assisted with the search for an available Section 811-subsidized apartment in their community of choice as well as connection with local community based mental health services. Extremely low-income households with a severely mentally ill member are screened for eligibility by the Bureau of Mental Health Services and referred to a property management agent who screens applicants for their specific projects.</p>
<p>Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.</p>	<p>The owners or property management agents of existing affordable housing are solicited for participation in the 811 PRA Program. QAP scoring points in current competition for LIHTCs are offered as an incentive. Beneficiaries are screened for eligibility and appropriateness for the program but are not rated or scored beyond those requirements. Actual provision of project based rental assistance hinges on the presence of an eligible tenant in an approved rental unit.</p>
<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>These funds are utilized for the singular use as project based rental assistance.</p>

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Extremely low-income households with a severely mentally ill household member will be provided with needed project based rental assistance, making their housing affordable.
7	State Program Name:	State Community Development Tax Credits
	Funding Sources:	CDIP
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	CDFA grants state tax credit awards on a competitive basis to qualified non-profit organizations for specific community development projects or programs. CDFA is attracted to innovative projects that show a high degree of community support, build partnerships, and leverage other funds. CDFA gives a 75% state tax credit against a donation made by a business to any approved project. The tax credit may be applied against the New Hampshire business profits tax, business enterprise tax, and/or the insurance premium tax.
	Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	The Tax Credit Program first uses a Letter of Intent to determine applicant eligibility and then a full application process. Staff reviews full applications including site visits as needed. After this process, the staff, and a subcommittee of the CDFA Board of Directors evaluate projects for conformance with the State RSA 162-L which governs the program and funds available. After this process is complete, awards are made to successful applicants.
	Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	The resources are not allocated among funding categories. The tax credit program is a separate source of state funding, although it is not unusual to see these funds combined with CDBG, HOME and LIHTC funds.
	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The Tax Credit Program receives an annual allocation of \$5 Million Dollars. There are no grant size limits but it is typical to see requests between \$300,000 and \$500,000. Nonprofits, municipalities, and cooperatives are eligible for application.
	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Outcome measures will vary by project funded. The program is very flexible in what is eligible to be funded.
8	State Program Name:	TBRA for Homeless Veteran
	Funding Sources:	HUD-VASH
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	HUD VASH is a collaborative effort between the Veterans Administration and the US Department of Housing and Urban Development providing tenant based and project based rental assistance to homeless veterans who are receiving VA services.

<p>Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.</p>	<p>Beneficiaries are referred by the Veterans' Administration. NH HOUSING completes the household application for housing assistance and administers the housing assistance in the form of Housing Assistance Program payments to the property owner.</p>
<p>Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.</p>	<p>Tenant based rental assistance is the only funding category in this program.</p>
<p>What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?</p>	<p>180 homeless extremely low-income homeless veterans to receive rental assistance each year, leading to greater housing affordability.</p>

AP-45 Community Revitalization Strategies – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

1. **Will the state allow units of general local government to carry out community revitalization strategies?**

Yes

2. **State’s Process and Criteria for approving local government revitalization strategies**

The State of New Hampshire does not have a role in approving local government revitalization strategies. CDBG and HOME funds are awarded to projects that are part of a greater effort to revitalize neighborhoods, and competitive scoring systems for both programs favor this type of activity.

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.320(f)

1. **Description of the geographic areas of the state (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed**

ESG-funded Rapid Re-Housing, Homelessness Prevention and Street Outreach funding will be distributed statewide through a competitive procurement process.

CDBG and HOME are also distributed statewide through competitive processes which sends funds where they are needed throughout the state. New Hampshire's CDBG entitlement communities are ineligible to apply for state CDBG as they receive their own allocation directly from HUD.

The project scoring system for the competitive supportive housing NOFO, that utilizes HTF among other resources, will distribute project funding to no more than the top two projects in the highest scoring county and single projects in descending order in other counties until all funds are distributed.

Geographic Distribution

Target Area	Percentage of Funds
New Hampshire	100

Table 9 - Geographic Distribution

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing – 24 CFR 91.320(g)

1. Introduction:

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported	
Homeless	20
Non-Homeless	569
Special Needs	50
Total	639

Table 10 – One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through	
Rental Assistance	339
The Production of New Units	183
Rehab of Existing Units	117
Acquisition of Existing Units	0
Total	639

639-Table 11 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

2. Discussion:

These numeric goals are an estimation based on previous years assisted households. They are a fair estimation for ESG, CDBG, HOME and HTF funding commitments, but construction project completion timing can be unpredictable making end of the year beneficiary counts uncertain. Averaged over time, these are reliable expectations.

AP-60 Public Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(j)

1. Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

Public Housing Authorities are designated as eligible entities to apply for Low Income Housing Tax Credits, HOME Investment Partnerships, Housing Trust Fund under some circumstances, and other affordable housing subsidy and financing resources in New Hampshire. Several of New Hampshire's Public Housing Authorities have successfully competed for and utilized these resources in order to increase the inventory and thus availability of affordable housing within their locality. This has been especially important since no new public housing has been created for decades.

2. Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

NH HOUSING continues to operate a Voucher Assisted Mortgage program, and also offers financial literacy training and coaching to Housing Choice Voucher Holders. Those who participate in the Family Self Sufficiency/GOAL program can establish and contribute to

Individual Development Accounts in which their savings contributions for education, vehicle purchase or home purchase are matched with federal funds as well as funds raised from the Community Development Finance Authority, New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority, and local financial institutions.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.320(h)

1. Introduction

The Emergency Solutions Grant program is designed to increase housing stability for all households served; identification and engagement of individuals experiencing homelessness through street outreach, quickly moving households experiencing homelessness into housing through Rapid Rehousing and preventing households from entering into the homelessness experience through Homelessness Prevention. Outcome measurements of these components include reducing the length of time individuals and families spend in the homelessness experience, reducing the number of returns to homelessness and increase the number of exits to a positive permanent housing destination.

ESG continues to collaborate with emergency shelters to reduce the average length of stay and requires state funded programs to identify goals related to both reducing the overall average length of stay and increasing exits to permanent housing. This effort combined with an increase in ESG and CoC funding dedicated to Rapid Re-Housing has been key in achieving this. BoSCoC intends to continue efforts in this area and believes the implementation of coordinated entry and the use of a statewide By Name List that prioritizes the most vulnerable individuals or families for open permanent supportive housing beds will strengthen the system and assist in prioritizing need and assisting homeless households who have spent the longest time homeless move more quickly into permanent housing.

2. Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs:

New Hampshire has implemented coverage of all regions of the state, even the most rural. Outreach workers are skilled in canvassing all environments to identify and engage persons experiencing homelessness using evidenced based approaches. There is an array of outreach programs, which range in scope and population served. Some examples: SAMHSA's Pathways for Transition from Homelessness (PATH) focuses on households with severe and persistent mental illness and co-occurring disorders, Supportive Services for Veteran Families (SSVF) and the two VA Medical Centers offer street outreach to Veterans, Waypoint offers homeless outreach services to youth. Mobile health clinics travel throughout the state and some ESG and CoC providers have added health clinics within their facilities, with a full medical staff childcare, pharmacy etc. so that one stop health and housing can be achieved. Some ESG subrecipients were also able to expand their Street Outreach programs to include medical staffing such as RNs to conduct street medicine outreach for urgent needs. During the COVID-19 pandemic, there has also been an increase in street outreach and public health connections, resulting in

increased connections to healthcare services.

Through the statewide Coordinated Entry process, individuals and families experiencing homelessness are assessed and linked to housing navigators who are able to help the individual/ family navigate not only housing services, but the supportive services such as mental healthcare, employment/benefit supports and mainstream services that help keep the household housed. NH uses a standardized common assessment which prioritizes those most vulnerable including chronically homeless individuals, unsheltered persons, veterans, youth and families and those with HIV. Additionally, there are two HOPWA recipients in NH, who are integrated into the COCs and the Coordinated Entry process.

3. Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons:

NH's network of 42 shelters includes 18 emergency shelter locations, 6 specialty shelters serving persons with identified special needs, 12 domestic violence shelters and 6 transitional shelter programs, and provide a diverse array of sheltering services to meet the needs of families, individuals, and various sub populations. BHS requires state-funded shelters to identify specific goals related to reducing the programs average length of stay and increasing outcomes to permanent housing. Through ESG-CV and American Rescue Plan funding, emergency shelters were able to expand essential services and operations to help them in decompressing, abiding by CDC social distancing guidance and overall COVID-19 prevention, preparation for and response to the virus. Additionally, NH has subpopulation specific service intensive transitional housing such as Grant and Per Diem (GPD) programs, serving Veterans experiencing homelessness and connecting them to pathways to permanent housing.

4. Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again:

Through NH's Coordinated Entry system, individuals are assessed using a common assessment tool and prioritized based on vulnerability. This method matches individuals and families with the appropriate level of service based on their needs and preserves those most intensive programs for the households with the highest vulnerabilities, such as those chronically homeless. This also ensures quick connection to Rapid Rehousing programs such as ESG and COC, who can quickly connect households to permanent housing. Additionally, BHS is partnering with NH HOUSING on a preference, opening up beds for Permanent and Supportive Housing- also prioritizing chronically homeless individuals. Use of the Coordinated Entry system ensures accurate measures of homeless identification to permanent housing placement. This information is then reviewed in the CoC subcommittees to strategize how to reduce the length of time spent homeless. An example strategy would be hiring housing navigators to communicate and mediate with landlords, building a pool of housing options for quick placement of households. Another example includes breaking down the length of time it took to see where the process could be improved - such as reducing the time spent waiting on an inspection by the

housing authority or streamlining applications by having agencies provide tenancy screening reports to avoid long background checks. Subpopulations such as Veteran, Youth and families are working on USICH initiatives to End Homelessness for their populations, which include metric breakdowns such as number of chronically/ long term homeless, length of time in the homeless experience and number of persons identified versus number of persons housed.

Another aspect of the Coordinated Entry system and Prioritization list includes ensuring a housing plan matched for each individual identified. In addition to the private landlord connections discussed above, homeless service providers also provide long term connections to affordable housing options through public housing authorities and affordable housing properties. Key to this housing stability will be the household's ability to maintain the housing once the financial assistance ends. The supportive services provided include a housing stability case management component which is available during the time financial assistance is provided, and for six months following the end of financial assistance.

5. Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs:

There are several strategies in place to help avoid individuals and families from entering into homelessness after being discharged from a publicly funded institution. The ESG administrator chairs the DHHS Housing Integration Team, consisting of individuals from large systems of care such as the New Hampshire Hospital, the Department of Corrections, Department of Children, Youth & Families and the Bureau of Drug and Alcohol Services. Additionally, the Governor's Council on Housing Stability features a diverse stakeholder group with representatives from systems of care. Education is provided to these sites about discharge policies, Coordinated Entry and the housing resources available to vulnerable households who may be leaving their institutions into homelessness. Additionally, Homeless Prevention programs such as ESG and SSVF for Veterans, can assist households who have been in the system of care over 90 days. This allows them to start the housing and diversion strategies prior to discharge to reduce the need of the household to enter into the homelessness response system. New Hampshire has also been awarded Foster Youth Initiative vouchers, connecting youth discharging from foster care to housing choice vouchers and supportive services to help them sustain the housing. COC and ESG funded RRH and ESG funded Homeless prevention Programs have service plans individualized to the Households' needs. This includes ensuring the housing is affordable to the family after the assistance is over, budgeting skills, increasing household income through employment or job training and mainstream benefits, and an overall self-sufficiency plan to exit the program. As the household stabilizes, the case management services typically lessen in intensity. At a minimum, at any stage the household must meet with the case manager at least monthly. Other state and local case management funds are then leveraged to follow up with the family after 12 months to ensure they do not fall back into homelessness. The additional leveraged case management funds are not only used to track previously served clients, but also

to help connect or link to additional resources if the family is becoming unstable in their housing.

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.320(i)

1. Introduction:

Land use regulation is under the control of local governments through planning and zoning boards. Local ordinances that seek to preserve the character of a town and a quality of life associated with it can sometimes create barriers to the development of affordable housing or, taken to an extreme, virtually any new housing. Restrictions on things like minimum lot sizes and minimum setbacks can require that a house lot be so large and costly that only the very largest and most expensive homes will be built on them.

2. Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

NHHFA's Housing Awareness Program continues to provide tools and resources to support ongoing education and advocacy efforts:

Program support to four regional workforce housing coalitions. NHHFA's Partnership Grants Program invests in focused efforts by housing advocates to address the local regulatory environment. In addition, the program supports new as well as existing organizations, housing coalitions and programs within established non-profit organizations or non-traditional partners that wish to focus efforts on housing education and advocacy. The program provides more flexible funding that meets the needs of a diverse mix of providers under this approach.

Funding for established organizations can be up to \$40,000 annually. Four housing coalitions exist that are eligible, and each will receive funding in the coming fiscal year to support advocacy efforts locally and regionally.

Activities planned by the organization listed above include:

- **Design Charettes** which help increase understanding of housing design in a visual way involving local citizens and planning and design experts.
- **Legislative Forums:** Each coalition has worked to strengthen relations with local governing bodies and state legislators. These virtual forums connect legislators with a host of constituents including employers to help legislators understand the impact of housing supply and affordability on community and economic development.
- **Business Leaders Breakfasts (virtual or in-person)** will be conducted in the Upper Valley that draws local employers, state and local elected officials and the general public.
- **Municipal Technical Assistance Grants (MTAG):** In partnership with Plan NH, we will provide grants to municipalities to audit existing land use regulations to determine barriers to housing diversity or to research and propose local land use regulations that reduce

barriers to affordable housing creation. Up to \$25,000 is available to any municipal applicant. The program is funded with \$125,000 to cover administration, program and direct funding to municipalities. This coming year an MTAG “Lite” version of the program was developed that will allow communities to explore housing barriers and the linkage of land use regulations to housing supply and affordability without the requirement that new or revised land use regulations be brought forward. That can be part of a second MTAG application. We also plan to allow waiver of match requirements by the municipality so that funds are not the barrier to accessing the MTAG program.

- **Mini Grants: NH Housing** program provides up to \$5,000 per grant to support the efforts of local business groups, local economic development groups, regional economic development groups, local and regional ad hoc groups, business and community leaders, local governments, local service organizations, business owners and nonprofit organizations for housing education, and advocacy efforts. Eligible activities include funding technical assistance to explore housing-friendly land use regulations and may also be used for groups to research the feasibility of starting a local or regional housing advocacy initiative, which may include strategic planning efforts. These funds continue to be used for outreach, advocacy and to help support the potential creation of a housing coalition in the southwest region of New Hampshire. Historically, regional planning commissions (RPC) were ineligible to receive these funds. This requirement is being removed to allow RPCs that are engaging in effective housing education and advocacy access this funding.

3. Discussion:

Activities continued:

- **St. Anselm College, Center for Ethics in Society (CES):** will be awarded another third installment of our grant for an educational initiative titled “The Housing We Need.” The initiative will focus on educating community decision-makers and others about the ways in which affordable housing can enhance their communities. CES will be involved in two new programs: Recruiting young people to land use boards. This initiative will employ a marketing program with logo and tagline “What next NH” to interest young people to serve on local land use boards. CES will also partner in creating a zoning atlas in partnership with NH HOUSING and the NH Office of Planning and Development.
- **Housing Conferences:** each year NH HOUSING produces three Housing Conferences. In FY 2022 the goal is to produce three conferences which may all be virtual.
- **Housing Needs Assessment:** Staff will engage a consultant to evaluate ongoing trends in the housing market as society responds to the coronavirus pandemic crisis, and as the economy ultimately moves to recovery. A final report outlining market trends will be completed in early FY 2023.
- **Fiscal Impact Study/Density Analysis:** Work will be completed that will complete a Phase I study that looked at the fiscal impact on select municipalities of housing and other land uses that will help demonstrate the benefits and issues related to higher density development in a variety of municipalities. In this next phase a consultant will look at municipal costs and track back to how revenue is derived to assist communities in land use decision making that will enable communities to meet its municipal costs.
- **North Country Council (NCC) Employer Assisted Housing Pilot project:** Following on

the completed North Country Housing Needs Study, NCC proposes to establish a program to assist regional employers in their efforts to create housing that is affordable and suitable for their labor force. This would include initiatives to develop both rental and homeownership opportunities. It would also create and compile a robust catalog of technical assistance resources to help with the establishment of sub-regional employer-assisted housing work groups. This project would support the nascent efforts in Gorham and identify one or two other sub-regions for the establishment of additional work groups (likely candidates: Colebrook, Littleton, and Lincoln/Woodstock). This proposal is a direct response to the key issues identified in the NCHNA and it aligns with the recommendations and strategies to address those issues.

- Will expand the “Housing Stories Initiative bringing real and relatable housing stories to the public and decision makers.
- Produce a Tactical Advocacy guide for communities to engage in housing discussions and change land use regulations to promote more housing diversity.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.320(j)

1. Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

The NH Council on Housing Stability, established by NH's Governor, has created a Strategic Plan which provides a roadmap to coordinate action and deploy resources to meet the housing needs of NH residents. The plan includes a three-year, comprehensive, actionable framework to specifically address homelessness across the State, with emphasis on the need for an increase in inventory of affordable housing. NH HOUSING and CDFA are both represented on the Governor's Council on Housing Stability.

The shrinkage of HUD-funded rental assistance and affordable housing development subsidy in the federal budget is counter-productive in efforts to better meet underserved needs as the gaps between resources and needs steadily grow larger. The private nonprofit sector shoulders a pretty big burden here but can't offset federal funding reductions.

2. Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

NH HOUSING will continue to support local and regional workforce housing efforts to help municipalities eliminate barriers to affordable housing development; it will continue to track expiring use and try to refinance properties that could be at risk of being lost as affordable housing inventory. The method of distribution for HOME and Housing Trust Fund resources will be reexamined and adjusted as needed to address the most compelling needs.

3. Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

In addition to continuation of the Nashua, Manchester, Sullivan County and Balance of State Lead Hazard Control Grants, all of which have numerical annual production goals, training and education activities provided through all four of these grants will continue as well. This will lead to steadily increasing lead-safe rental housing inventory available to low, very low, and extremely low-income households with children under six years old, greater public awareness of residential lead-based paint hazards and how to control them, and a growing maintenance

and repair workforce with knowledge and skills that will lower the risk of accidental lead poisoning from repair and remodeling work.

4. Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

Economic Development activities funded by Community Development Block Grant are expected to create or preserve jobs for low to moderate income individuals.

The Goal/Resident Self-Sufficiency Program will make online educational and training resources available to participants in NHHFA's Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program as well as access to Individual Development Accounts for some.

5. Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The Community Development Finance Authority, the Bureau of Homeless and Housing Services, and NH Housing make efforts to participate in each other's planning and advisory groups. For example, NH Housing participates in the Balance of State Continuum of Care and its Housing subcommittee, as well as the Bureau of Behavioral Health's Advisory Committee. NH HOUSING works closely with the Bureau of Mental Health Services on implementing the HUD 811 Project-Based Rental Assistance grant. NH Housing has a seat on the Community Development Finance Authority, Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Advisory Committee. These relationships will continue to grow and advance a comprehensive approach to housing, homelessness, and community development.

6. Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

The Housing and Community Development Planning Council (the HCDPC), which provides consultation to New Hampshire's Consolidated Planning process, includes public and private housing representatives as well as government and private nonprofit social service agencies. The HCDPC is chaired by New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority as the lead agency for the Consolidated Planning process for the state. Additionally, New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority is represented on the Governor's Council for Housing Stability, including this Council's Housing Instability & Homelessness System Workgroup, the Governor's Advisory Commission on Mental Health and the Corrections System, the Community Development Block Grant Program Advisory Council, New Hampshire's Mental Health Planning and Advisory Council, the State of NH Benefits Cliff Effect Working Group and the Council for Thriving Children. Representatives of the Community Development Finance Authority (CDFA) and the Bureau of Housing Supports actively participate in New Hampshire's Workforce Housing Council. CDFA is represented on the Governor's Council for Housing Stability and the National Collaborative for Digital Equity's Council on Systemic Inclusion. And the Bureau Chief for the State's Bureau of Housing Supports leads the Housing Instability and Homelessness Systems Workgroup of the state's Council for Housing Stability, as well as participates in the Whole Family Approach to Jobs Cliff Effect Workgroup, Housing Action NH, and the NH HMIS Advisory Committee.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.320(k) (1,2,3)

1. Introduction:

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG)

Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	16,487
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's strategic plan.	0
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not been included in a prior statement or plan	0
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	0
Total Program Income:	16,487

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities	0
2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.	75.00%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME)

Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(2)

- Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:
 - The Multi-Family New Production and Preservation Program will rehabilitate approximately 50 units annually statewide to preserve affordable housing through long term restrictions primarily benefitting households with income below 60% of the median area income. To help

encourage preservation using Tax Exempt Bond Financing NH HOUSING provides partial subsidy for eligible HOME housing rehabilitation activities of existing properties. The minimum level of rehabilitation required for each unit will vary based upon thorough analysis of the capital needs for each property, but the amount of rehabilitation funds needed to address capital needs in each unit will exceed HOME funds made available. Other subsidy in the form of Operating Funds will also be available for leveraging and can also be utilized to address rehab needs in rental properties that are currently under HOME obligations. The aging of the entire portfolio requires a continuous review of management practices to ensure that disinvestment in any given property has not and will not occur. NH HOUSING will set aside a portion of HOME funds to be used under this preservation initiative. These funds will not under any circumstances provide refinancing of multifamily loans made or insured by any federal programs, including the CDBG program.

- Criteria used for scoring projects for awards of Low-Income Housing Tax Credits are found in the Qualified Allocation Plan which is developed every two years and approved by the Governor. Applications are due in August so that formal scoring can be completed before winter and projects can close on financing and be ready to proceed early in spring. A full copy of the 2023-2024 QAP can be found here: www.nhhfa.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/2023-2024-Qualified-Allocation-Plan_Final.pdf
- In addition to publishing the QAP, rental production program rules, construction standards, and underwriting standards on NHHFA's website, staff also requires early conceptual review of all projects and works with developers to help them put together the best project applications they can. NH Housing 's Underwriting and Development Policies for Multi-Family Finance can be found here: www.nhhfa.org/developer-financing/underwriting-and-development-policies/
- HOME funding for preservation projects is also available through the QAP. The following are eligible to apply for project specific assistance under the HOME program: Non-profit corporation with an approved 501(c)3 tax-exempt status; Local housing authorities; Units of local government; Limited partnerships, general partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, proprietorships, and other business organizations. Assistance will be limited as follows: The investment limit for all projects of combined Authority capital subsidy funds and LIHTC equity is \$200,000 per unit with the exception of projects targeting households earning at or below 30% of Area Median Income, which will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. In the QAP, NH HOUSING does give scoring points for providing preferences to a particular segment of the low-income population that requires supportive housing services.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)

Reference 91.320(k)(3)

1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)
2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets

HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.

- See Coordinated Entry manual in attachments.

3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation is available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).

- BHS conducts separate and distinct application processes for the ESG Rapid Re-Housing, Homelessness Prevention and Street Outreach Programs. Eligible applicants include units of local government and nonprofit organizations including community and faith-based organizations.
- BHS intends to utilize a competitive Request for Proposals (RFP) process to solicit applications for the funding of the ESG Rapid Re-Housing, Homelessness Prevention and Street Outreach Programs. The RFP is widely distributed through email lists to the Balance of State, Manchester and Nashua Continuums of Care, as well as all known stakeholders (which includes faith-based organizations). Stakeholders are encouraged to forward the announcement as appropriate. Additionally, the RFP is posted on the NH Department of Health and Human Services (NH DHHS website)
- Proposals will be evaluated and ranked by a review committee comprised of New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services staff from multiple divisions and non-applicant stakeholders. Proposals will be reviewed and ranked based on consistency with the RFP requirements and review criteria, including how effective the proposed activity will be in providing homeless prevention and/or Rapid Re- Housing services; alignment with goals in the NH Consolidated Plan 5-Year Plan; Continuum of Care strategic goals; and the national goals and objectives outlined in Opening Doors: Federal Strategic Plan to End Homelessness.
- The specific scoring rubric is outlined below:

PROPOSAL EVALUATION

5.1. Technical Proposal

- a. Consistency (Q1, Q2) 13 Points
- b. Documentation (Q3) 10 Points
- c. Homeless Need (Q4 - Q6) 20 Points
- d. Staff inspections (Q9) 13 Points
- e. Project Description (Q7, Q8, Q10, Q11) 15 Points
- f. Successful Outcomes (Q12) 14 Points
- g. Rental Assistance (Q13 - Q15) 5 Points
- h. Federal Cost Principles (Q17) 15 Points
- i. HUD Reporting Standards (Q18) 15 Points
- j. Management of Funding (Q19) 15 Points
- k. Timely Start Up (Q20) 10 Points
- l. Participation in Coordinated Assessment (Q21) 10 Points

- m. Policies/Procedures (Q22) 6 Points
- n. Performance measures (Q23) 9 Points

Cost Proposal

Budget (Appendix C) 30 Points

Budget Narrative – 30 Points

Total Maximum number of points to be awarded is 230 Points.

4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.
 - The state of NH is able to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24CFR 576.405(a). The ESG Administrator consults with the Balance of State CoC which has a formerly homeless person on its board. Additionally, outreach in the form of listening sessions with both the Manchester and Nashua Continuums of Care which both have members who are homeless or formerly homeless.
5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.
 - **ESG Program Performance Standards**
The metrics we use to assess how well ESG is contributing toward our goal of making homelessness rare, brief, and non-recurring are:
 - i. **Permanent Housing:** the percent of individuals/households that exit ESG programs to permanent housing. This tells us how well our interventions are supporting someone resolving their housing instability. It answers the question: are we making someone’s experience of homelessness rare?

Goal: At least 70% of households that exit a Rapid Re-housing program or Homelessness Prevention program exit to permanent housing. At least 90% of Street Outreach households will be provided with permanent housing referrals.

Measurement: This requires a calculation of the percentage of households who exit the rapid re-housing program or Homelessness Prevention program to permanent housing, and housing referrals provided to street outreach households.
 - ii. **Average Length of Stay:** the average amount of time an individual/household experiences homelessness or housing instability. This tells us how effective we are at quickly responding to someone’s housing crisis. It answers the question: are we making someone’s experience of housing instability brief?

Goal: 70% of Rapid Rehousing and Homelessness Prevention households will gain housing stability within 90 days of program entry.

Measurement: Percentage of program participant households who resolve housing instability within 90 days of program entry.

- iii. **Returns to homelessness:** the percentage of individuals/households that exited to permanent housing and then returned to homelessness in the last 24 months. It answers the question: are we making someone's experience of homelessness non-recurring?

Program performance will be evaluated based on the following Performance:

Goal: 70% of program participant households will experience housing stability as evidenced by no subsequent episode of homelessness within 6 months of program exit.

Measurement: Returns will be measured by the total number of adult program participants with successful exits from the program (with a successful housing outcome), that did not have an emergency shelter stay of at least one night within six months of exiting the program.

Housing Trust Fund (HTF)

Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(5)

1. How will the grantee distribute its HTF funds? Select all that apply:
 - Applications submitted by eligible recipients
2. If distributing HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients,
 - a. Describe the eligibility requirements for recipients of HTF funds (as defined in 24 CFR § 93.2). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A."
 - The following are eligible to apply for project specific assistance under the Housing Trust Fund program:
 1. Non-profit corporations with an approved 501(c)3 tax-exempt status.
 2. Local Public Housing Authorities.
 3. Limited partnerships, general partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, proprietorships, and other business organizations.
 - The following are not eligible to receive HTF funds:

1. Primarily religious organizations, where residency would be limited to an exclusive denomination.
 2. Any person who is an employee, agent, consultant, officer, elected official, or appointed official of the state of New Hampshire, the Authority, or state recipient or sub-recipient receiving HTF funds (collectively Non-Eligible Persons). This includes partnerships and corporations where the controlling partner, controlling member, or person(s) in control of such entity is a Non-eligible Person or Persons.
- b. Describe the grantee’s application requirements for eligible recipients to apply for HTF funds. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter “N/A.”
- o NH Housing will use two application tracks depending upon project type:

Projects blending some HTF units into LIHTC projects will utilize NHHFA's Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program Multifamily Rental Housing Financing Application found at www.nhhfa.org/developer-financing/low-income-housing-tax-credits-lihtc. This application is used for all projects seeking Low Income Housing Tax Credits and various forms of capital subsidy from NH HOUSING including but not limited to Housing Trust Fund, HOME, the State Affordable Housing Fund and other subsidy resources. This application is very thorough, requiring the applicant to provide detailed information concerning the description of the proposed project, sources and uses of all funds, rents and operating expenses, LIHTC scoring, a project pro forma, analysis of funding gaps to determine subsidy needs and a management questionnaire to assess management capacity. The Qualified Allocation Plan (QAP) for the 2023-2024 Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program provides scoring incentives to reserve 10% or more (but less than all) units affordable to extremely low-income households, and also encourages through scoring incentives for the provision of supportive housing for the homeless, those at imminent risk of homelessness, and veterans. Other incentives in the scoring system may also encourage applicants to apply for HTF funding. The project scoring criteria in the 2021-2022 Qualified Allocation Plan contain the elements required by HUD and considerably more.

Projects not seeking Low Income Housing Tax Credits projects will use a separate competitive NOFO for supportive housing and NH Housing will make awards in accordance with the priorities which form the basis of the Threshold Requirements and Scoring Criteria for the Housing Trust Fund Request For Proposals found in the NOFO, a draft of which is in the Unique Appendices.

Housing Trust Fund NOFO projects may commit to serving persons who are homeless. A Homeless person is defined as an individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence. This could include but is not limited to homeless families, families at risk of homelessness, homeless disabled persons or households, homeless veterans, and homeless persons who are in

recovery from substance use disorder or severe mental illness. Project sponsors applying for development subsidy may also apply for project-based rental assistance administered by NH Housing which will be used to maintain affordability for extremely low-income households for at least the required minimum of 30 years. NH Housing has committed to providing up to 50 project-based vouchers to support this effort. Scoring preference will also be provided to projects with written commitments from other Public Housing Authorities to provide project-based Housing Choice Vouchers for a minimum of 30 years. Tenants need for supportive services will be a threshold requirement.

NH Housing will require that all recipient applications contain a description of the eligible activities to be conducted with HTF funds as required in § 93.200 Eligible Activities.

NH Housing will require that each eligible recipient certify that housing assisted with HTF funds will comply with all HTF requirements.

- c. Describe the selection criteria that the grantee will use to select applications submitted by eligible recipients. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".
 - See HTF Threshold and Scoring Criteria in Draft NOFO in the Unique Appendices.
- d. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on geographic diversity (as defined by the grantee in the consolidated plan). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".
 - New Hampshire does not target CPD block grants geographically generally but makes substantial efforts to distribute funds throughout the state as fairly as possible.
 - In addition to submission of a complete application form, all applications will be reviewed under the Threshold Criteria in the NOFO. Failure to comply with any of the Threshold Criteria may, at the sole discretion of NHHFA, result in the rejection of the application.
- e. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".
 - See Threshold Criteria in Draft NOFO in the Unique Appendices.
- f. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the rental project has Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance so that rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A."
In addition to threshold and scoring categories of "Matching Resources" in the Threshold Requirements and Scoring Criteria for Housing Trust Fund NOFO, rent subsidy, if

needed, is provided by NHHFA.

- NH Housing has committed to providing up to 50 project-based vouchers to support this effort.
- g. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the financial feasibility of the project beyond the required 30-year period. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A."
- See Scoring Criteria in Draft NOFO in the Unique Appendices.
- h. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the merits of the application in meeting the priority housing needs of the grantee (such as housing that is accessible to transit or employment centers, housing that includes green building and sustainable development features, or housing that serves special needs populations). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A."
- See Threshold Criteria in Draft NOFO in the Unique Appendices.
- i. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the application makes use of non-federal funding sources. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A."
- Non-Federal and Federal match above threshold requirements will receive points in the scoring category under the NOFO.
3. Does the grantee's application require the applicant to include a description of the eligible activities to be conducted with HTF funds? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A."
- Yes
4. Does the grantee's application require that each eligible recipient certify that housing units assisted with HTF funds will comply with HTF requirements? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A."
- Yes
5. **Performance Goals and Benchmarks.** The grantee has met the requirement to provide for performance goals and benchmarks against which the grantee will measure its progress, consistent with the grantee's goals established under 24 CFR 91.315(b)(2), by including HTF in its housing goals in the housing table on the SP-45 Goals and AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives screens.
- Yes
6. **Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount for Housing Assisted with HTF Funds.** Enter or attach the grantee's maximum per-unit development subsidy limits for housing assisted with HTF funds.

The limits must be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and the geographic location of the project. The limits must also be reasonable and based on the actual costs of developing non-luxury housing in the area.

- If the grantee will use existing limits developed for other federal programs such as the Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) per unit cost limits, HOME's maximum per-unit subsidy amounts, and/or Public Housing Development Cost Limits (TDCs), it must include a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy limits were established, or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements specified above.
- HTF is used primarily in supportive housing. It is not uncommon for the per unit total development cost to exceed the HOME Maximum Per Unit Subsidy Limit because not all supportive housing projects are able to leverage the required additional resources necessary to meet their development costs. NH Housing did an analysis of projects from 2014-2020 of actual costs and determined that actual costs of square footage have been increasing annually 2% per year. Additionally, increasing the HTF Maximum Per Unit Subsidy Limit will allow NH Housing to provide additional capital financing to expedite the successful completion of supportive housing projects that serve some of our most vulnerable populations and are not able to leverage additional funding sources. As a result of the pandemic's continuing economic effects, NH HOUSING has seen an exponential increase in construction costs, threatening the financial viability of these projects. The need for these limited resources is often very critical in smaller projects therefore we are adjusting the zero-bedroom limits to match the 1-bedroom limits. Overall construction costs are very close to the same in these size units. These limits are not adjusted by geographic locations because our state is small and upon research of actual costs, there was not found to be a large variation of construction costs by area. Therefore, per unit subsidy limits are being increased to:
 - Per unit subsidy limits are:

▪ 0 Bedroom	212,220
▪ 1 Bedroom	212,220
▪ 2 Bedroom	258,064
▪ 3 Bedroom	333,786
▪ 4 Bedroom	366,464
 - These limits are reassessed annually.

7. Rehabilitation Standards. The grantee must establish rehabilitation standards for all HTF-assisted housing rehabilitation activities that set forth the requirements that the housing must meet upon project completion. The grantee's description of its standards must be in sufficient detail to determine the required rehabilitation work including methods and materials. The standards may refer to applicable codes or they may establish requirements that exceed the minimum requirements of the codes. The grantee must attach its rehabilitation standards below.

In addition, the rehabilitation standards must address each of the following: health and safety; major systems; lead-based paint; accessibility; disaster mitigation (where relevant); state and local codes, ordinances, and zoning requirements; Uniform Physical Condition Standards; and Capital Needs Assessments (if applicable).

- The following can be found in the following sections of the Unique Appendices:
- See Design and Construction Policy Rules
- See Technical Design and Construction Standards plus Rehab

8. Grantee Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences.

The competitive NOFO for supportive housing prioritizes the populations that benefit from the integration of such services with their housing. Providing supportive services to a specific population that would benefit from these services is a requirement for funding through this NOFO.

- The NOFO for 4% Tax Credit/Bond projects allows developers to apply for project-based vouchers for the HTF households to help ensure long-term affordability for these households.



PO Box 5087, Manchester, NH 03108

603.472.8623 800.640.7239

TDD: 603.472.2089

info@nhhfa.org

NHHousing.org



As a self-supporting public corporation created by the state legislature, New Hampshire Housing Finance Authority promotes, finances, and supports affordable housing.